

# Post-Conflict Recovery: Best-case National Organizations

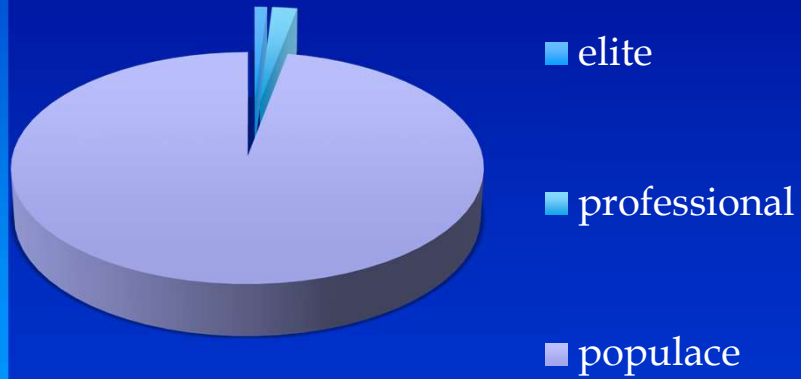
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## States in Transition Priorities

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- n Peacebuilding and Statebuilding as mutually reinforcing processes
- n Great need for more . . .
  - *Local knowledge* of relation between violence, development, and recovery
  - *Application* of local knowledge to policy and practice on the ground
- n Needed: what statebuilding and peacebuilding looks like from African perspectives

## “Local knowledge/perspectives”



## Peacebuilding vs. Statebuilding

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- n In poor developing countries, the state is often viewed by the populace as . . .
  - Corrupt
  - Predatory
  - Serving the elite
  - Dangerous
  - To be avoided rather than engaged

## The State <-> Civil strife <-> Peace: *"It's easier to break it than to fix it"*

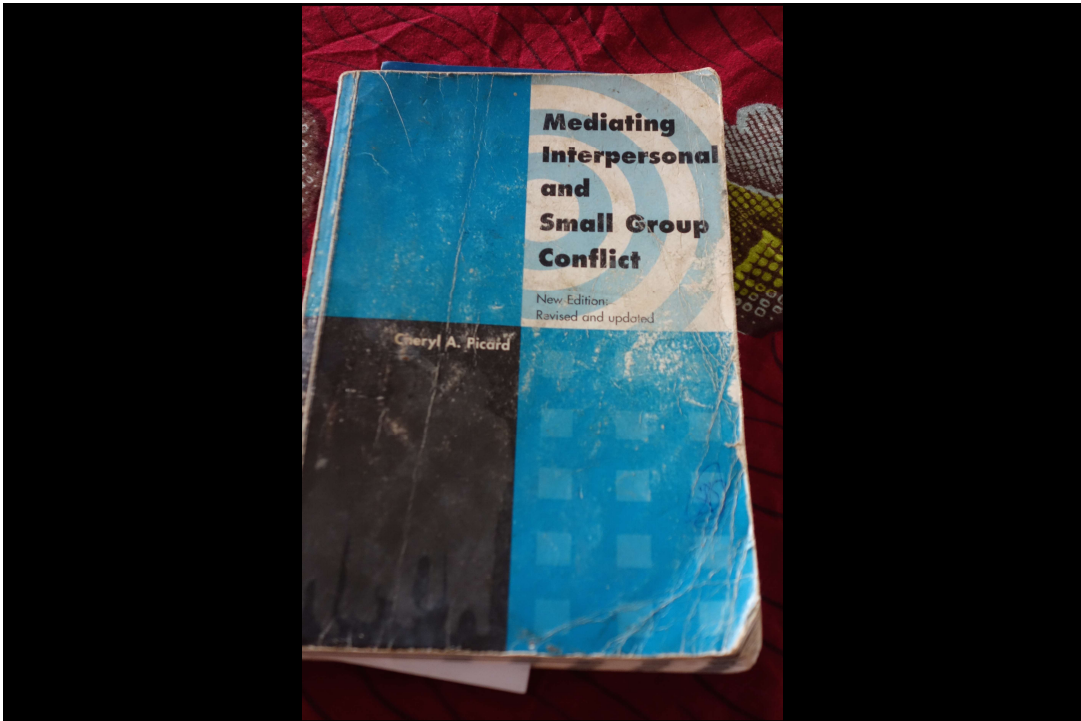
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- n State can more easily cause warfare and strife (legitimate / illegitimate violence) . . .
- n than it can cause peace.
- n The state depends much more on the populace for promoting *peace* than for fomenting war / civil strife
- n State motivation to facilitate peace may be weak
- n State *ability* to facilitate peace may be weak

## Our key organizational findings

- n Importance of best-case national NGOs/CBOs
  - Articulating state <-> populace interests
  - Efficient and committed
  - Threading the needle
  - Needles in the haystack
  - Underappreciated / underfinanced / understudied





# Comparative Post-Conflict Recovery Project (CPRP)

- n BEST-CASE focus
- n Comparative: West Africa -> Asia
- n Post-conflict / neither-peace-nor-war
- n “Recovery” ~ sustainable development
- n Land issues
  - Developing agrarian economy
  - Vis-à-vis mining / logging / agribusiness concessions





## CPRP principal activities

- n *Direct* dialogue & learning experience across developing countries in the global south
  - Identification of CPRP fellows
  - Monrovia, Liberia **workshop** (incl. **field engagements**)
  - Mandalay, Myanmar **workshop** (incl. **field engagements**)
  - Development Studies panel & mtgs, London









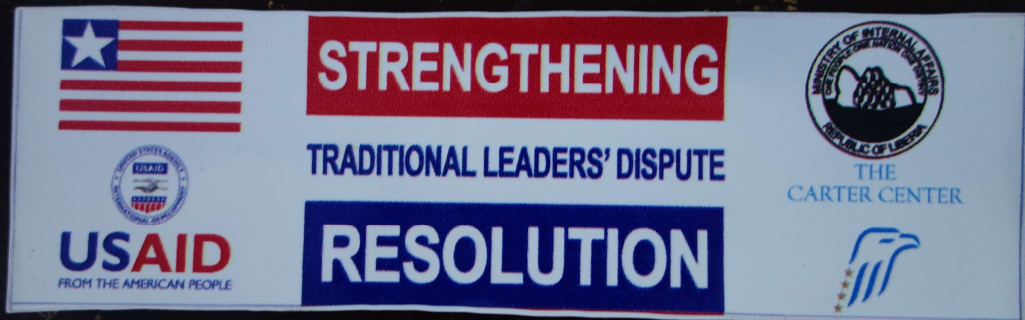
## Challenges

- n Identifying appropriate fellows
- n Limitations on scale / # of fellows
- n Language = English
- n South – South travel & visas
- n Meeting challenges : extraordinary effort and acumen of global Fellows

## Content Contributions

- n Value of direct direct South-South experience and engagement
- n Level of intellectual <-> practical understanding
  - +/- Gov't connections / programs polities
  - +/- Social activism / movements / resistance
- n Stated value in confidential exit questionnaires











## **Larger findings: Best-case national NGOs / CBOs**

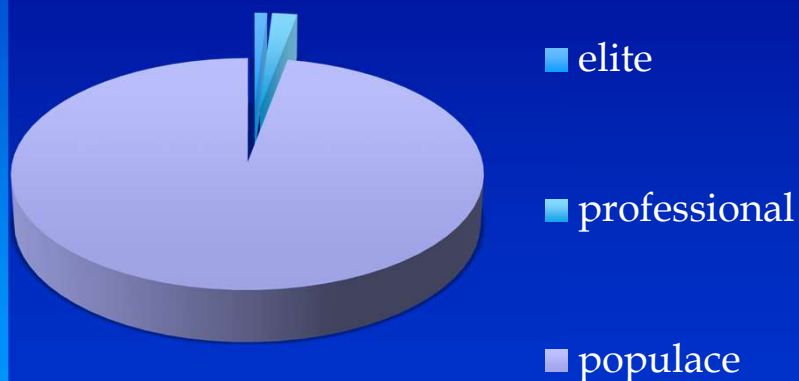
- n Moderate in size (10-30 employees)
- n Stably funded for years
- n High autonomy
- n High professional morale / commitment
- n Fiscally responsible
- n Creative and flexible to gov't & populace
- n Emphasis on "giving rather than getting"



## Undersupported Connections in Peacebuilding



## “Local knowledge/perspectives”



**Thank you to CCNY for sponsorship**